

# FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME OF EARLY STAGE RESEARCHER TRAINING<sup>1</sup>

# 1. BASIC DATA

Mentor's name and surname	Darko Friš	Mentor's register number at ARIS (SICRIS):	11361
Mentor's e-mail:	darko.fris@um.si	Mentor's tel. no.:	041343344
Research programme (RP) leader's name and surname:	Darko Friš	RP leader's register number at ARIS (SICRIS):	11361
Title of research programme:	Preteklost severovzhodne Slovenije med slovenskimi zgodovinskimi deželami in v interakciji z evropskim sosedstvom (The past of north- eastern Slovenia among Slovenian historical lands and in interaction with the European neighbourhood)	RP's Register number at ARIS (SICRIS):	P6-0138 (A)
Research organisation (RO) of University of Maribor, where training shall be conducted:	Faculty of Arts (FF UM)	RO Register number at ARIS (SICRIS):	2565
Research field according to ARIS classification:	6.01 Historiography	Research field according to Ortelius classification (EURAXESS)	22.5 Contemporary history

# 2. DEFINITION OF RESEARCH PROBLEM AND GOALS OF DOCTORAL RESEARCH<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Term early stage researcher (ESR) is written in male form and used as neutral for women and men.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Research and study programme of training have to harmonise with contents of the research programme, where the mentor is a member.

Starting point of research task of the early stage researcher and its position in the research programme, where the mentor is included, work hypothesis, research goals and foreseen result with emphasis on an original contribution to science:

# THE SCIENTIFIC BASIS

The Framework Programme for the Training of Young Researchers in the Period of the Kingdom of the SHS/Yugoslavia takes the geographical area of north-eastern Slovenia in the broadest sense as the starting point of the research, thus keeping this area at the centre of the entire research training programme. It will be consistently linked to the development processes in other Slovenian historical lands. Identity studies are interdisciplinary fields of research that focus on the study of different aspects of human identity. Identity involves a complex web of factors including personal, social, cultural, ethnic, gender and other aspects of an individual's understanding of self. Identity studies examine how identity is formed, changed and expressed in different contexts, including social, political, cultural and historical contexts. This area of research addresses questions about how individuals identify with different groups such as nationality, race, gender, sexual orientation, religion, occupation, social status, etc. It also focuses on understanding the influence of social structures such as family, school, media, politics on the formation and expression of identity. Identity studies use a variety of approaches and research methods, aiming to gain a comprehensive understanding of identity and its impact on individuals and society as a whole. The transition of Slovenes from Austrian citizens to citizens of the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes/Yugoslavia brought various changes and challenges to the formation of Slovene identity within the new state formation, where they were united with other South Slavic peoples. While some Slovenes guickly identified with the new Yugoslav identity and accepted it as part of their national consciousness, others continued to maintain a strong Slovene consciousness. In the Kingdom of the SHS/Yugoslavia, Slovenians were part of a larger South Slavic culture and society, which brought both opportunities and challenges for the preservation of Slovenian culture and language. The political identity of Slovenians was also changing as they had to adapt to the new political structures and systems that prevailed in the Kingdom of the SHS/Yugoslavia. The economic changes and policies in the new country also had an impact on the economic identity of Slovenians. Some found new opportunities within the wider market of the Kingdom of the SHS/Yugoslavia, while others faced difficulties and challenges in the new economic environment. Overall, the transformation from Austrian to Yugoslav citizens was a complex process that affected various aspects of Slovene identity.

### INVOLVEMENT IN RESEARCH

In the period following the collapse of the A-O monarchy, the contemporary identity of Slovenians was shaped in the context of the subsequent political, social and cultural changes in the Kingdom of the SHS/Yugoslavia and after its collapse. With this new research, the young researcher will shed light on the issue of national identity, which will be an important contribution to the programme group "The Past of Northeastern Slovenia among Slovenian Historical Lands and in Interaction with European Neighbours" regarding the historical development of Slovenian identity after the Great War. The young researcher's research work will also be directly related to the core theme of the programme "Heritage science and climate change: new research with an interdisciplinary approach and the use of artificial intelligence".

#### WORKING HYPOTHESIS

In the period 1918-1941, the transformation of Slovenians from Austrian to Yugoslav citizens was a complex process that affected various aspects of Slovenian identity.

### **RESEARCH OBJECTIVES**

The objectives of the research will be to analyse the understanding of the changing Slovenian identity after the formation of the Kingdom of the SHS, the subsequent Kingdom of Yugoslavia until its dissolution. The research will be based on a contemporary interdisciplinary approach, linking the humanities with other scientific disciplines, which together address important topics in heritage studies.

## ORIGINAL CONTRIBUTION TO SCIENCE

The study of Slovenian identity after the collapse of the A-O monarchy and the formation of the Kingdom of the SHS will be a complete novelty in Slovenian historiography and will be based on the research of primary archival sources, newspaper material and foreign and domestic literature, and, in addition to the application of classical methodological principles, it will also be based on the integration and use of state-of-the-art tools based on artificial intelligence.

#### 3. STUDY PROGRAMME

Foreseen study programme, to which early stage researcher shall be enrolled in academic year 2024/2025:

History - doctoral studies (PhD) at the Faculty of Arts (FF UM).

#### 4. DESCRIPTION OF WORK AND TASKS

The work and tasks of a young researcher will include:

- study of foreign and domestic scientific literature;
- study of newspaper material in the area of the Kingdom of the SHS/Yugoslavia, memoirs, and especially primary archival material;
- to complete all the study requirements and to spend a semester at a European university as part of a student exchange programme;
- prepare and defend his doctoral thesis;
- actively participate in national and international symposia, both independently and as a co-author;
- publish independently and co-author research findings in national and international highly indexed scientific publications;
- participate in the teaching process at the Department of History, Faculty of Arts, UM.
- He will be involved in the work of the Department of History, the research programme and the programme core and editorial board of the highly indexed scientific journal Studia historica Slovenica.

## 5. REQUESTED LEVEL OF EDUCATION

2nd degree

# 6. REQUESTED FIELD OF EDUCATION

History or double major, one of wich must necessary be History.

#### 7. KLASIUS SRV

17003 Master's education

8. KLASIUS P	
2251 History	
9. REQUESTED KNOWLEDGE	
Knowledge of heritage science and preferably	knowledge of artificial heritage.
10. REQUESTED SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS	
Knowledge of working with primary archival sou	irces.
11. REQUESTED LANGUAGES	
Slovenian, German, English, Serbian (Cyrillic),	Croatian.
12. REQUESTED WORK EXPERIENCE	
Work experience is recommended.	
13. FORESEEN POSTDOCTORAL TRAINING	
During the PhD training, the young researcher applications for domestic and foreign projects, apply for research projects after the completion	thus acquiring the necessary knowledge and skills to
Mentor's signature:	Research programme leader's signature:
	Name and surname of Dean or authorised person <sup>3</sup> : prof. dr. Darko Friš, dekan FF UM  Signature of dean or authorised person:

Place and date:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The training program is signed by the dean of the member where the ESR's employment and training will take place.

Maribor, 3. 2.2025

Kliknite ali tapnite tukaj, če želite vnesti datum.

Stamp:

